

FORM PTC-J390 (Modified)
(REV 10-95)

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

ATTORNEY DOCKET NUMBER

1529/7

PJ

**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES
DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371**

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (IF KNOWN, SEE 37 CFR 1.5)

09/581990INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO.
1L98/00623INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE
5 JAN 1999PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED
5 JAN 1998

TITLE OF INVENTION

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MAKING THREE-DIMENSIONAL OBJECTS

APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US

YOSI BAR-BREZ

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

1. This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
5. A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371 (c) (2))
 - a. is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US).
6. A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. A copy of the International Search Report (PCT/ISA/210). **34**
8. Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(3))
 - a. are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. have not been made and will not be made.
9. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
10. An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(4)).
11. A copy of the International Preliminary Examination Report (PCT/IPEA/409).
12. A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371 (c)(5)).

Items 13 to 18 below concern document(s) or information included:

13. An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
14. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
15. A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment
16. A substitute specification.
17. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter
18. Other items or information.

20. The following fees are submitted:

BASIC NATIONAL FEE (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1) - (5)) :

<input type="checkbox"/> Search Report has been prepared by the EPO or JPO	\$ 840
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482)	\$ 670
<input type="checkbox"/> No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2))	\$ 690
<input type="checkbox"/> Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO	\$ 970
<input type="checkbox"/> International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.482) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4)	\$ 96

CALCULATIONS PTO USE ONLY**ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =**

670

Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than
months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (e)).

CLAIMS	NUMBER FILED	NUMBER EXTRA	RATE	
Total claims	25 - 20 =	5	x \$18	90
Independent claims	4 - 3 =	1	x \$78	78

Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable).

TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS = 838

Reduction of 1/2 for filing by small entity, if applicable. Verified Small Entity Statement must also be filed (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28) (check if applicable).

SUBTOTAL = 419

Processing fee of \$130.00 for furnishing the English translation later than
months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492 (f)).

TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =

Fee for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). The assignment must be accompanied by an appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31) (check if applicable).

TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED = 419

Amount to be: refunded	\$
charged	\$

A check in the amount of to cover the above fees is enclosed.

Please charge my Deposit Account No. 06-2140 in the amount of & \$ 419 to cover the above fees.
A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees which may be required, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filed and granted to restore the application to pending status.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

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SIGNATURE

MARK M. FRIEDMAN

NAME

33,883

REGISTRATION NUMBER

18 300 03

DATE

09/581990
430 Rec'd PCT/PTO 21 JUN 2000

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Applicant:

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Yosi Bar-Erez

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Serial No.: 09/XXX,XXX

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Filed: June XX, 2000

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For: METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR
MAKING THREE=DIMENSIONAL
OBJECTS

Group Art Unit:

Attorney Docket No.: 1529/7

Examiner:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D.C. 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Before examining this application, please preliminarily amend the application as follows:

In the claims:

Please cancel claims 1-25.

Please add new claims 1-25, as follows:

09/581990
430 Rec'd PCT/PTO 2.1 JUN 2000

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides, with each sheet cut along a contour corresponding to the contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object, the method comprising selectively applying to one side of each sheet a releasing agent effective to inhibit bonding between adjacent sheets, the releasing agent being applied selectively in a manner such that, after the sheet has been bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, the surface of the sheet within the respective contour is bonded to the next adjacent sheet, while the remaining portion of the respective sheet not within said contour is readily separable from the three-dimensional object.
2. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the side of each sheet opposite to that coated with said releasing agent is covered on its complete surface with an adhesive to promote the bonding of all said sheets to each other except where covered by said releasing agent.
3. The method according to Claim 2, wherein said adhesive is applied to the under surfaces of said sheets, and said releasing agent is applied to the upper surfaces of said sheets.
4. The method according to Claim 2, wherein said sheets are individually fed to and stacked on a horizontal table

which is successively lowered as the sheets are successively stacked thereon.

5. The method according to Claim 4, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface outside of its respective contour with said releasing agent as the sheet is fed to said horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets thereon.

6. The method according to Claim 5, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface with said releasing agent by a releasing-agent applicator controlled to apply the releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is moving.

7. The method according to Claim 5, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface with said releasing agent by a moving releasing-agent applicator controlled to apply the releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is stationary.

8. The method according to Claim 6, wherein each individual sheet is cut along its respective contour by a cutting tool which is driven in two dimensions to trace the respective contour while the sheet is stationary.

9. The method according to Claim 5, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its complete lower surface with said adhesive as the sheet is fed to said

horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets thereon.

10. The method according to Claim 5,
wherein each sheet is precoated on at least one of its
surfaces with said adhesive.

11. Apparatus for making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides, with each sheet cut by a cutting tool along a contour corresponding to the contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object, characterized in that said apparatus includes a releasing-agent applicator for selectively applying a coating on one side of each sheet, before being bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, of a releasing agent, said coating being selectively applied in a manner such that, after the respective sheet has been bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, the surface of the sheet within its respective contour is bonded to said next adjacent sheet, while the remaining portion of the respective sheet not within said contour may be readily separated from the three-dimensional object.

12. The apparatus according to Claim 11, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is located to apply said releasing agent to the upper surfaces of said sheets.

13. The apparatus according to Claim 12, wherein said apparatus further includes: a horizontal table; a feeder for feeding said sheets individually to, and stacking them on,

said horizontal table; and a drive for lowering said table as said sheets are successively stacked thereon.

14. The apparatus according to Claim 13, wherein said drive comprises a rotary motor and screws driven by said motor and coupled to the corners of said horizontal table for raising and lowering the table.

15. The apparatus according to Claim 13, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is located to apply said releasing agent to the upper surface of each sheet as it is fed to said horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets on the table.

16. The apparatus according to Claim 15, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is controlled to apply said releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is moving.

17. The apparatus according to Claim 15, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is movable and is driven to apply the releasing agent outside of the contours of the respective sheet while the sheet is stationary.

18. The apparatus according to Claim 15,
wherein said cutting tool is driven in two dimensions to trace the respective contour of the sheet while the sheet is stationary.

19. The apparatus according to Claim 15,
wherein said releasing-agent applicator and said cutting

tool are carried by a common head which is driven in two dimensions to define the contour of the respective sheet.

20. The apparatus according to Claim 15,
wherein said apparatus further includes an adhesive
applicator for applying an adhesive coating to the under
surface of each sheet as it is fed to said horizontal table,
to effect the bonding thereof to the underlying sheet at the
portions of the underlying sheet not covered by the
releasing agent.

21 A method of making a three-dimensional object
constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each
bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on
its opposite sides, with each sheet cut along a contour
corresponding to respective layer constituted by the sheet
in the object. characterized in: coating one side of each
sheet, before being cut along its respective contour and
bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side with an
activating agent that only covers the surface of the sheet
within the contour of layer constituted by the respective
sheet within said object such that only the surface of the
sheet within its respective contour is bonded to its next
adjacent sheet, permitting the remaining non-bonded portion
of the respective sheet not within said contour to be
separated from the next adjacent sheet and the three-
dimensional object.

22 The method according to claim 21 wherein the side
of each sheet opposite to that coated with said activating
agent is covered on its complete surface with an adhesive
that is only activated if placed into contact with an

activating agent to promote the bonding of all said sheets to each other only in areas covered with said activating agent.

23. Apparatus for making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides with each sheet cut by a cutting tool along a contour corresponding to contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object characterized in said apparatus includes an activating agent applicator for applying a coating on one side of each sheet, before being cut along its respective contour and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side with an activating agent which only covers the surface of the sheet within the contour of layer constituted by the respective sheet within said object, such that, after the respective sheet has been cut and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, only the surface of the sheet within its respective contour is bonded to its next adjacent sheet, permitting the remaining non-bonded portion of the respective sheet not within said contour to be separated from the next adjacent sheet and the three-dimensional object.

24. The apparatus according to claim 23 wherein said activating agent applicator is located to apply said activating agent to the upper surfaces of said sheets.

25. The apparatus according to claim 24 wherein said apparatus further includes: a horizontal table; a feeder for feeding said sheets individually to, and stacking them on,

said horizontal table; and a drive for lowering said table as said sheets are successively stacked thereon.

Respectfully Submitted



Mark M. Friedman
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Date: June 18, 2000

SPPS

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PCT/IL98/00623

METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MAKING THREE-DIMENSIONAL OBJECTSFIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a method, and also to apparatus, for making three-dimensional objects, such as models, dies, molds, and the like.

The invention is particularly applicable to the method of making three-dimensional objects by bonding together a large number of relatively thin layers each having the contour of a thin slice of the object. Such methods are of particular interest today since they may take advantage of the highly-developed computer-aided design (CAD) techniques, as well as computer-aided manufacture (CAM) techniques. For example, US Patent 5,071,503 describes such

a technique in which each layer is a preformed sheet and is bonded to the partially-built object by applying an adhesive at locations defining, and within the confines of, the contour of the respective sheet, such that the portions of the sheet outside the contour are easily separated.

- 2 -

OBJECT AND BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

An object of the present invention is to provide a novel method, and also apparatus, having advantages over the known techniques such as described in the above-cited patent.

According to one aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides, with each sheet cut along a contour corresponding to the contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object, characterized in: coating one side of each sheet, before being cut along its respective contour and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, with a releasing agent which does not cover the surface of the sheet within the contour of the layer constituted by the respective sheet within the object, such that, after the respective sheet has been cut and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, only the surface of the sheet within its respective contour is bonded to the next adjacent sheet, permitting the remaining non-bonded portion of the respective sheet not within the contour to be separated from the next adjacent sheet and the three-dimensional object.

Thus, whereas the method of the above-cited patent applies an adhesive to selected surfaces within the contour

- 3 -

of the respective layer in the object, the present invention applies a releasing agent to selected surfaces outside of the contour.

The sheets may be precoated with an adhesive on one surface, or individually coated on the one surface during the application of the releasing agent to the opposite surface. The method of the present invention is thus easier to implement since it does not require precise control of the adhesive, but rather only precise control of the releasing agent, which is much easier to implement because of the nature of the two substances. Also, since the portions of the preformed sheets not to become a part of the produced object (i.e., the waste) are non-adhering to each other, they are easily removed from the produced object.

According to further features in the described preferred embodiments, the sheets are individually fed to, and stacked on, a horizontal table which is successively lowered as the sheets are successively stacked thereon. Each sheet is coated on its upper surface outside of its respective contour with the releasing agent, and on its under surface with the adhesive, as the sheet is fed to the horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets thereon.

In one described preferred embodiment, each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface with the releasing agent by a releasing-agent applicator controlled to apply the releasing agent outside of the contour of the

- 4 -

respective sheet while the sheet is moving. In a second described embodiment, each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface with the releasing agent by a moving releasing-agent applicator controlled to apply the releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is stationary.

The invention also provides apparatus for making three-dimensional objects in accordance with the above-described technique.

Further features and advantages of the invention will be apparent from the description below.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is herein described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Fig. 1 is a three-dimensional view illustrating one form of apparatus constructed in accordance with the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a three-dimensional view from the opposite side of the apparatus of Fig. 1;

Figs. 3a-3c schematically illustrate how a three-dimensional object is produced by the method and apparatus illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2; and

- 5 -

Figs. 4 and 5 are three-dimensional views corresponding to Figs. 1 and 2, respectively, illustrating a second form of apparatus constructed in accordance with the present invention.

DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The apparatus illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2 is used for making a three-dimensional object 2, such as illustrated in Fig. 3, from a large number of thin preformed sheets 3 bonded together with each sheet cut along a contour 4 corresponding to the contour of the respective layer in the object. The sheets 3, after being cut along their contours 4 and bonded together, are shown at 3' in Figs. 1 and 2. The waste remaining after the three-dimensional object 2 has been removed, is shown at 5 in Fig. 3.

The apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2 includes a machine frame 10 including an upper section 10a and a lower section 10b. The preformed sheets 3 used in making the three-dimensional object 2 are supported in the form of a vertical stack on a horizontal base 11 fixed to the lower section 10b of the machine frame. Each sheet 3 is fed from the top of the stack on base 11 by feed rolls 12, 13, 14, to the upper section 10a of the machine frame 10 to overlie a table 15 on which the three-dimensional object 2 is built layer-by-layer. Table 15 is driven in the vertical direction

- 6 -

by an electrical motor M_1 , and a closed-loop belt 16 coupled to rotate four screws 17 journaled between the upper and lower machine frame sections 10a, 10b, and threadedly received through the four corners of the table 15.

The upper section 10a of the machine frame 10 includes an adhesive applicator 20 which applies a coating of adhesive from a reservoir 21 to the under side of each sheet 3 as it is fed to the upper end 10a of the machine frame 10.

A second applicator 22 is also located at the upper end of the machine frame 10 to apply a releasing agent to the upper side of each sheet 3 as it is fed to the upper end 10a of the machine frame overlying table 15. Applicator 22 coats the upper surface of each sheet 3 with a releasing agent to cover the complete upper surface of the sheet except for the portion thereof within the contour 4 of the respective layer of the finished three-dimensional object 2 constituted by the respective sheet.

In the example illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2, the releasing agent applicator 22 is a print head which is movable along one orthogonal axis (the transverse Y-axis) as the sheet 3 is fed along the other orthogonal axis (the longitudinal X-axis) so that the applicator scans the complete upper surface of the sheet. The releasing-agent applicator 22 may be any suitable type of printing head, such as a liquid jet-ink printer, an impact-type printer, a laser printer, or the like. It applies to selected portions

- 7 -

of the upper surface of each preformed sheet 3 a material, liquid or solid, which serves as a releasing agent with respect to the adhesive applied to the complete under surface of the sheet by applicator 20, such that an overlying sheet will not bond to an underlying sheet along the contacted surfaces which include the releasing agent, but will permit bonding where no releasing agent is present.

Applicator 22 is controlled by elements within its housing 23 to apply the releasing agent in the form of a negative pattern with respect to the contour 4 of the respective layer in the finished three-dimensional object 2. That is, the releasing agent is applied to cover all the surfaces of the preformed sheet 3 except the surfaces within the countour 4 of the respective layer in the finished object. Thus, each overlying sheet 3 will become bonded to the next adjacent underlying sheet 3 only within the contour 4 of the layer defined by the overlying sheet, and will not be bonded to the underlying sheet outside of that contour.

The apparatus illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2 further includes a cutting tool 30 which is controlled to cut along the contour 4 of the respective layer 3 in the finished object 2. Cutting tool 30 is mounted on a head 31 carried by a carriage 32. The carriage 32 is driven in the longitudinal direction (X-axis) with respect to the machine frame 10 by a motor M₂ and a closed-loop belt 33 (Fig. 2); whereas the head 31 is driven transversely of carriage 32 by another

- 8 -

motor M_3 and a closed-loop belt 34. Cutter head 30 is also movable in the vertical direction by a solenoid 35 carried by the head 31 to an extended cutting position for cutting the underlying sheet 3 or to a retracted non-cutting position. A pressure roller 36 firmly presses the sheet, as it is being cut, against the previously processed sheets supported by table 15.

The adhesive applicator 20 is also provided with a solenoid 37 to move the adhesive applicator either to an operative position or to a non-operative position. For example, the adhesive applicator would be moved to a non-operative position when the first sheet 3 is fed so as to prevent that sheet from adhering to the table 11.

The illustrated apparatus further includes a controller, generally designated 40, for controlling the motors M_1 , M_2 , M_3 , the adhesive applicator 20, the releasing-agent applicator 22, the cutter tool 30, and the two solenoids 35 and 37, to produce the following operation:

A plurality of preformed rectangular sheets 3 to be used in producing the three-dimensional object 2, e.g., as illustrated in Fig. 3a, are supported in a vertical stack on the machine base plate 11 at the lower end 10b of the machine frame, and each is individually fed to the upper end 10a of the machine frame to overlie the table 15 on which the finished three-dimensional object 2 is built layer-by-layer. In the initial condition of the apparatus,

- 9 -

table 15 is at its uppermost position, and as each layer of the object is formed on it, the table is successively moved vertically downwardly by motor M_1 , belt 16 and screws 17, to accommodate the newly-added layer as it is applied to the object.

As each sheet 3, except the first sheet to contact table 11, is fed by the feed rollers 12, 13, 14 to the upper end 10a of the machine frame 10, the underside of the sheet is completely coated with adhesive by adhesive applicator 20, and its upper side is selectively coated with a releasing agent by applicator 22 which does not bond to the adhesive. The adhesive layer applied by applicator 20 covers the complete under surface of the respective sheet, whereas the releasing agent applied by applicator 22 covers only the upper surface of the sheet which does not come within the contour 4 of the respective layer of the sheet in the finished three-dimensional article. For example, if the respective layer to be formed by the sheet in the finished three-dimensional article is of a square contour, the rectangular sheet 3 to define that layer would be coated with the releasing agent only on its surface which is outwardly of the square defining the respective layer in the finished article; i.e., the surface within the square would not be covered by the releasing agent.

It will be appreciated that the contours of the finished-article layers to be produced by the preformed sheets 3 would be stored in a CAD or CAM format within

- 10 -

controller 40, or in a separate memory accessible by the controller, to be used by the controller for controlling the releasing-agent applicator 22, and the cutter tool 30, when the respective sheet 3 is being processed.

After the respective sheet 3 has been placed on top of the stack on table 15, completely coated on its under surface with adhesive, and selectively coated on its upper surface with the releasing agent corresponding to the contour for that sheet, as described above, the cutter tool 30 is controlled, also by controller 40, to cut the sheet along the contour line 4 for the respective sheet. For this purpose, the controller 40 controls the two motors M_2 and M_3 driving the cutter tool 30 along the two orthogonal axes, and also controls the solenoid 35 for moving the cutter tool 30 to and away from its operative cutting position.

The three-dimensional model 2 is thus built up from the table 15, layer-by-layer, with each layer constituting a slice of the overall model. When all the layers have thus been applied, each layer adheres to the adjacent ones on both sides only along the portions thereof not coated with the releasing agent. Thus, after all the sheets for the entire three-dimensional object 2 have been cut and bonded together, the sheets adhere together only at their contacting surfaces within the contour 4 constituting the corresponding cross-section of the finished three-dimensional object, permitting the remaining non-bonded portions of the sheets not within such contour to

- 11 -

be separated from the three-dimensional object. This is shown in Figs. 3a-3c, wherein it will be seen that the initial stack of sheets are shown at 3, the three-dimensional object produced therefrom is shown at 2, and the portions of the sheets not within the bonded contour surfaces, and to be separated from the object, are shown at 5.

Fig. 4 illustrates an apparatus very similar to that of Figs. 1 and 2. In order to facilitate understanding, those parts in the apparatus of Fig. 4 common to those of Figs. 1 and 2 are identified by the same reference numerals.

The main difference in the apparatus illustrated in Fig. 4 is that the releasing-agent applicator, designated 22' in Fig. 4, is carried on the same head 31' as the cutting tool 30. Therefore, in the apparatus of Fig. 4, the sheet 3 is stationary, not only at the time of cutting the contour by the cutting tool 30, but also at the time the releasing agent is applied by the applicator 22'. Thus, the releasing-agent applicator 22' is also driven both longitudinally and transversely with respect to the sheet 3 in order to selectively apply the releasing agent to the upper surface of the respective sheet as described above with respect to Figs. 1 and 2.

In substantially all other respects, the apparatus illustrated in Fig. 4 is constructed and operates as described above with respect to the apparatus of Figs. 1 and 2.

- 12 -

The sheets 3 may be of any suitable plastic material, such as polyvinylchloride, epoxy resin, nylon etc. They should be of the appropriate thickness corresponding to the exactness required in the finished object to be produced by the apparatus. Preferably, the sheets 3 should be of the order of 0.1 mm in thickness, thereby requiring about 100 such sheets to be processed for each one-centimeter height of the three-dimensional object to be produced.

The releasing agent may be of any suitable material which does not bond to the adhesive used. As one example, the releasing agent may be a wax composition.

While the illustarted apparatus shows the adhesive being applied to the under surface of each sheet at the time each sheet is processed, it will be appreciated that the preformed sheets may be pre-coated with the adhesive before being applied to the apparatus. It is also contemplated that the preformed sheets may be bonded together by applying a solvent to the under surface of the respective sheet to thereby soften it and to promote its bonding to the overlying sheet except where the upper surface of the respective sheet is selectively covered by the releasing agent. It is further contemplated that an adhesive need not be used, but rather that the sheets themselves be bonded by heat and/or pressure except at those surfaces selectively covered by the releasing agent, which heat and/or pressure would be applied to the entire stack of sheets. The cutting tool 30 may be heated. The bonding may be performed before,

-13-

during, or after the cutting tool has been applied to cut the contour. The releasing agent could be coloured according to the desired colour of the produced object, and could be applied in any known manner, e.g., electrostatically, by a laser, by a thermal printer, etc. The adhesive applicator could also be mounted for movement along one axis (e.g., transversely) as the preformed sheet is moved along the other axis.

Also, the releasing agent can be applied directly on top of the glue, or below the glue on the same side of the sheet, in which case the releasing agent applicator 22 would be mounted on the same side as the adhesive applicator 20. Further, the sheet could be completely pre-coated with the releasing agent, and such agent removed from the portion of the sheet to be glued, in which case unit 22 in Fig. 1 would be a "removing" unit, to remove the unwanted portion of the releasing agent mechanically, chemically, by laser, etc. Further, the glue could be applied to the upper face of the sheet, and the releasing agent on the bottom face, rather than vice versa described above.

Alternatively, rather than utilizing an adhesive from adhesive applicator 20 that will bond to an adjacent sheet except in areas to which the releasing agent from applicator 22 is applied, applicator 20 can apply an adhesive having the characteristics such that it will bond to an adjacent sheet only in areas to which an activating agent is applied by applicator 22. In this configuration, the activating agent is applied only to the portion within the contour 4, such that adjacent sheets will bond only in the contour area to which the activating agent is applied.

Many other variations, modifications and applications of the invention will be apparent

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides, with each sheet cut along a contour corresponding to the contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object, the method comprising selectively applying to one side of each sheet a releasing agent effective to inhibit bonding between adjacent sheets, the releasing agent being applied selectively in a manner such that, after the sheet has been bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, the surface of the sheet within the respective contour is bonded to the next adjacent sheet, while the remaining portion of the respective sheet not within said contour is readily separable from the three-dimensional object.

2. The method according to Claim 1, wherein the side of each sheet opposite to that coated with said releasing agent is covered on its complete surface with an adhesive to promote the bonding of all said sheets to each other except where covered by said releasing agent.

3. The method according to Claim 2, wherein said adhesive is applied to the under surfaces of said sheets, and said releasing agent is applied to the upper surfaces of said sheets.

4. The method according to Claim 2, wherein said sheets are individually fed to and stacked on a horizontal table

which is successively lowered as the sheets are successively stacked thereon.

5. The method according to Claim 4, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface outside of its respective contour with said releasing agent as the sheet is fed to said horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets thereon.

6. The method according to Claim 5, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface with said releasing agent by a releasing-agent applicator controlled to apply the releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is moving.

7. The method according to Claim 5, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its upper surface with said releasing agent by a moving releasing-agent applicator controlled to apply the releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is stationary.

8. The method according to either of Claims 6 or 7, wherein each individual sheet is cut along its respective contour by a cutting tool which is driven in two dimensions to trace the respective contour while the sheet is stationary.

9. The method according to any one of Claims 5-7, wherein each individual sheet is coated on its complete lower surface with said adhesive as the sheet is fed to said

horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets thereon.

10. The method according to any one of Claims 5-7, wherein each sheet is precoated on at least one of its surfaces with said adhesive.

11. Apparatus for making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides, with each sheet cut by a cutting tool along a contour corresponding to the contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object, characterized in that said apparatus includes a releasing-agent applicator for selectively applying a coating on one side of each sheet, before being bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, of a releasing agent, said coating being selectively applied in a manner such that, after the respective sheet has been bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, the surface of the sheet within its respective contour is bonded to said next adjacent sheet, while the remaining portion of the respective sheet not within said contour may be readily separated from the three-dimensional object.

12. The apparatus according to Claim 11, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is located to apply said releasing agent to the upper surfaces of said sheets.

13. The apparatus according to Claim 12, wherein said apparatus further includes: a horizontal table; a feeder for feeding said sheets individually to, and stacking them on,

said horizontal table; and a drive for lowering said table as said sheets are successively stacked thereon.

14. The apparatus according to Claim 13, wherein said drive comprises a rotary motor and screws driven by said motor and coupled to the corners of said horizontal table for raising and lowering the table.

15. The apparatus according to Claim 13, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is located to apply said releasing agent to the upper surface of each sheet as it is fed to said horizontal table to be stacked on top of the other sheets on the table.

16. The apparatus according to Claim 15, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is controlled to apply said releasing agent outside of the contour of the respective sheet while the sheet is moving.

17. The apparatus according to Claim 15, wherein said releasing-agent applicator is movable and is driven to apply the releasing agent outside of the contours of the respective sheet while the sheet is stationary.

18. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 15-17, wherein said cutting tool is driven in two dimensions to trace the respective contour of the sheet while the sheet is stationary.

19. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 15-17, wherein said releasing-agent applicator and said cutting

tool are carried by a common head which is driven in two dimensions to define the contour of the respective sheet.

20. The apparatus according to any one of Claims 15-17, wherein said apparatus further includes an adhesive applicator for applying an adhesive coating to the under surface of each sheet as it is fed to said horizontal table, to effect the bonding thereof to the underlying sheet at the portions of the underlying sheet not covered by the releasing agent.

21. A method of making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides, with each sheet cut along a contour corresponding to respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object. characterized in: coating one side of each sheet, before being cut along its respective contour and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side with an activating agent that only covers the surface of the sheet within the contour of layer constituted by the respective sheet within said object such that only the surface of the sheet within its respective contour is bonded to its next adjacent sheet, permitting the remaining non-bonded portion of the respective sheet not within said contour to be separated from the next adjacent sheet and the three-dimensional object.

22. The method according to claim 21, wherein the side of each sheet opposite to that coated with said activating agent is covered on its complete surface with an adhesive that is only activated if placed into contact with an

activating agent to promote the bonding of all said sheets to each other only in areas covered with said activating agent.

23. Apparatus for making a three-dimensional object constituted of a large number of thin preformed sheets each bonded on its opposite sides to the next adjacent sheets on its opposite sides with each sheet cut by a cutting tool along a contour corresponding to contour of the respective layer constituted by the sheet in the object characterized in said apparatus includes an activating agent applicator for applying a coating on one side of each sheet, before being cut along its respective contour and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side with an activating agent which only covers the surface of the sheet within the contour of layer constituted by the respective sheet within said object, such that, after the respective sheet has been cut and bonded to the next adjacent sheet on that side, only the surface of the sheet within its respective contour is bonded to its next adjacent sheet. permitting the remaining non-bonded portion of the respective sheet not within said contour to be separated from the next adjacent sheet and the three-dimensional object.

24. The apparatus according to claim 23 wherein said activating agent applicator is located to apply said activating agent to the upper surfaces of said sheets.

25. The apparatus according to claim 24, wherein said apparatus further includes: a horizontal table; a feeder for feeding said sheets individually to, and stacking them on,

said horizontal table; and a drive for lowering said table as said sheets are successively stacked thereon.

09/581990

WO 99/34976

PCT/IL98/00623

1/5

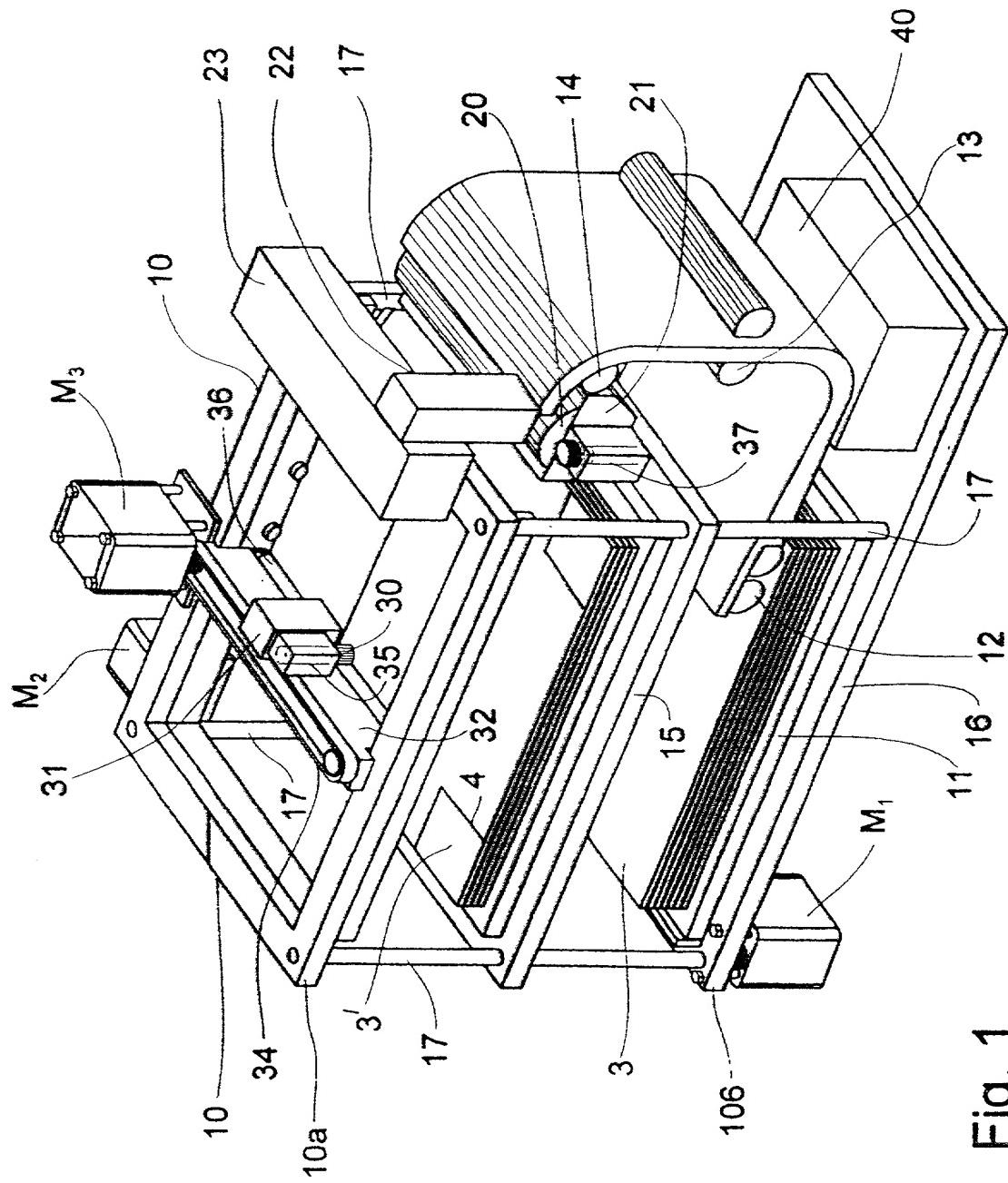


Fig. 1

09/581990

WO 99/34976

PCT/IL98/00623

2/5

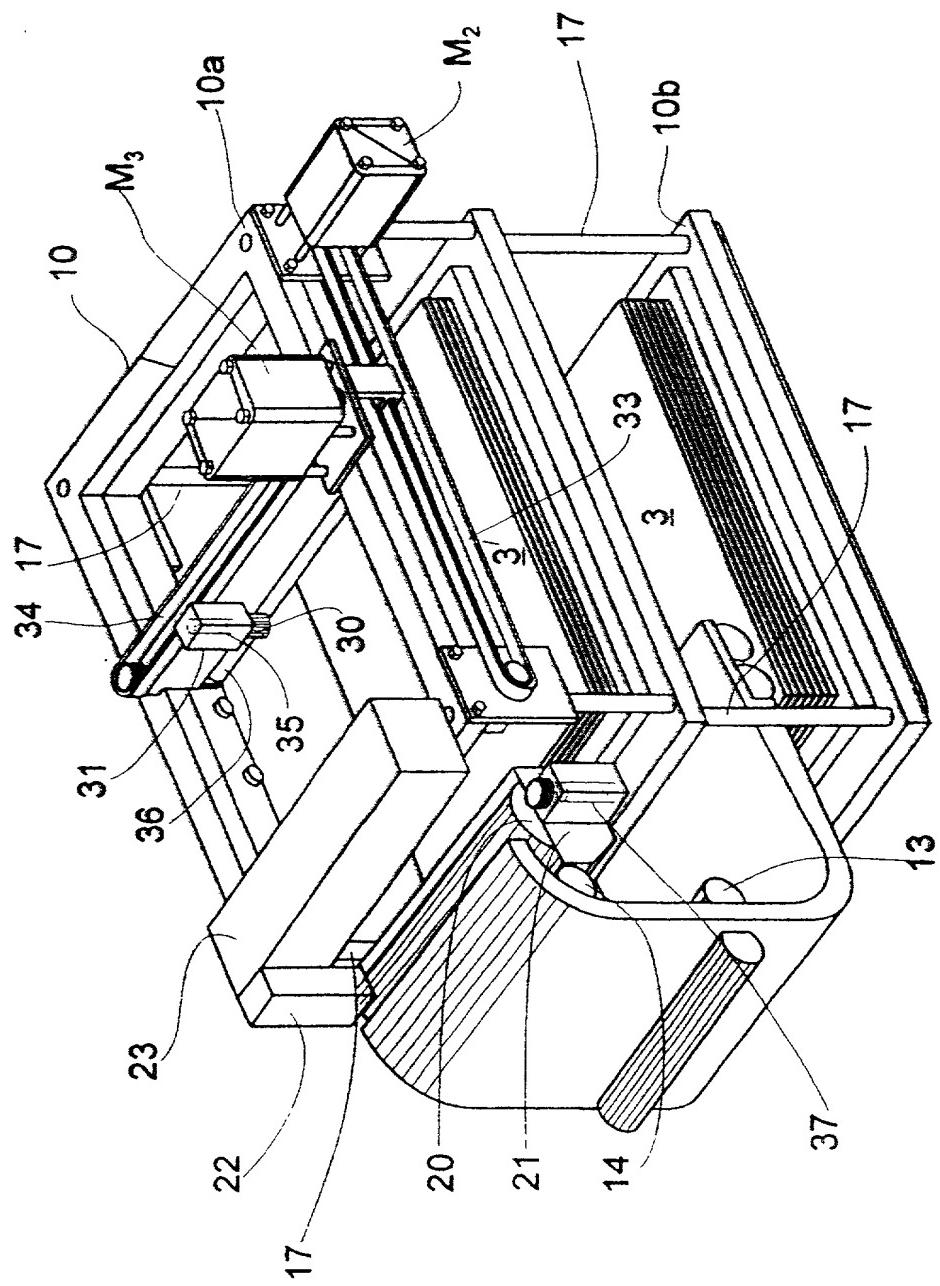


Fig. 2

09/581990

WO 99/34976

PCT/IL98/00623

3/5

Fig. 3c

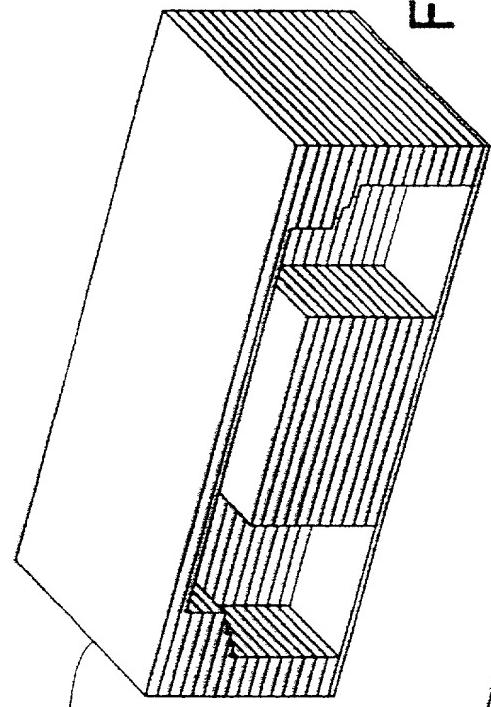


Fig. 3b

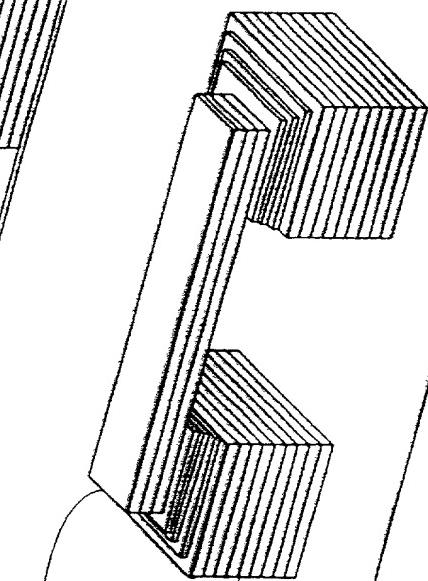
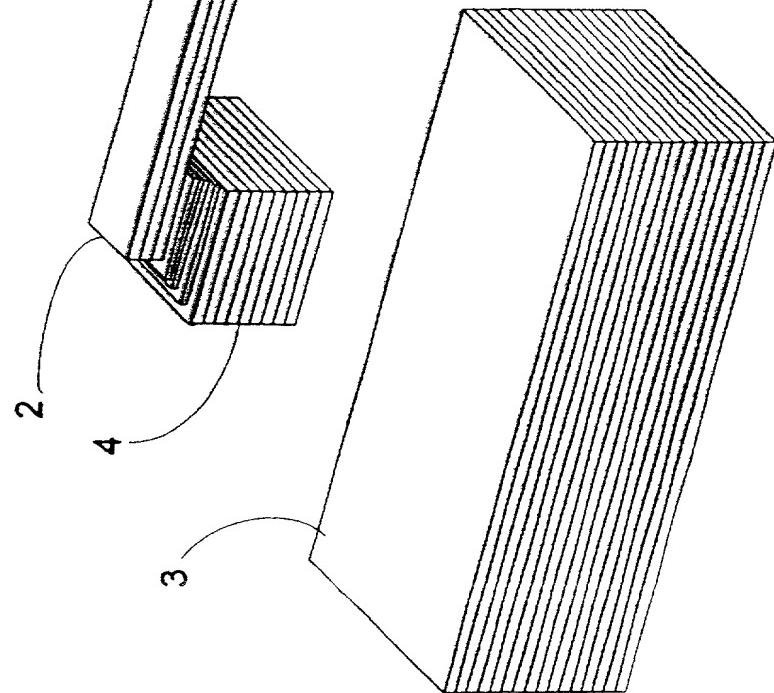


Fig. 3a



09/581990

WO 99/34976

PCT/IL98/00623

4/5

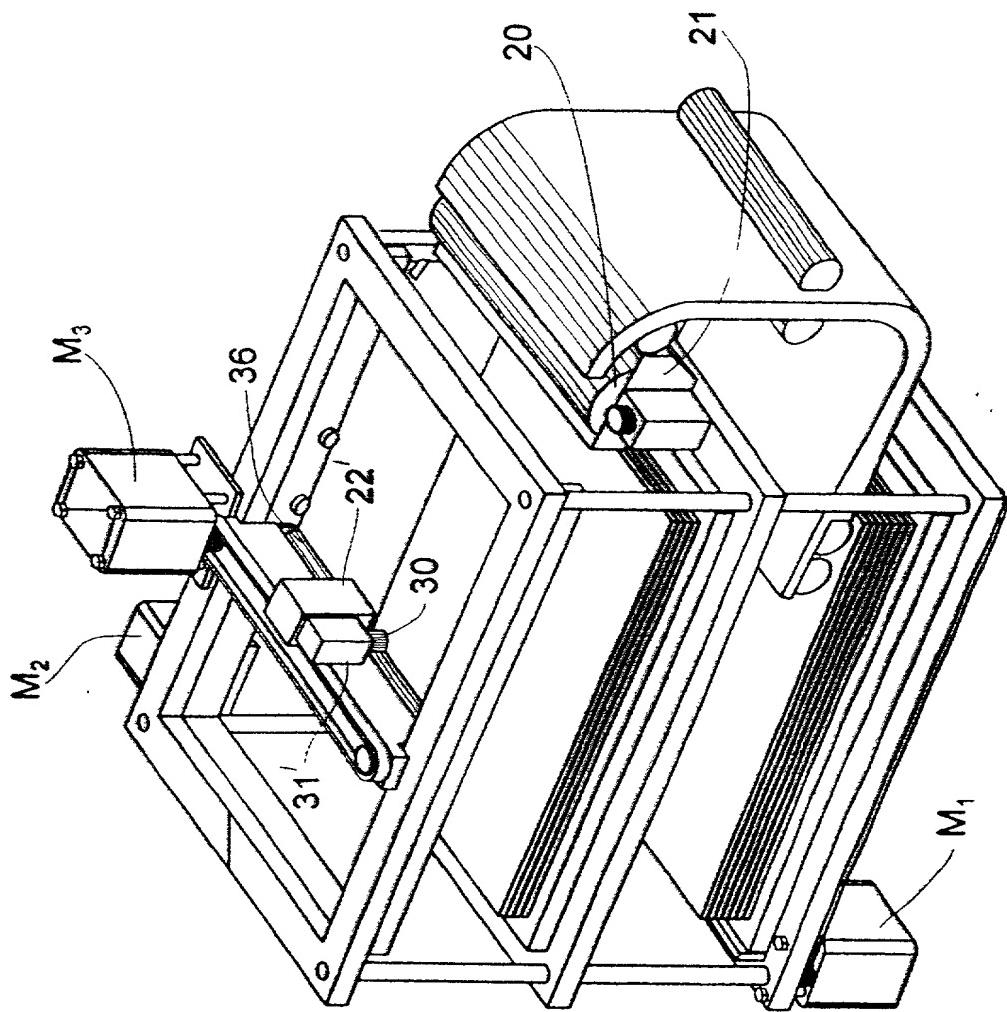


Fig. 4

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WO 99/34976

PCT/IL98/00623

5/5

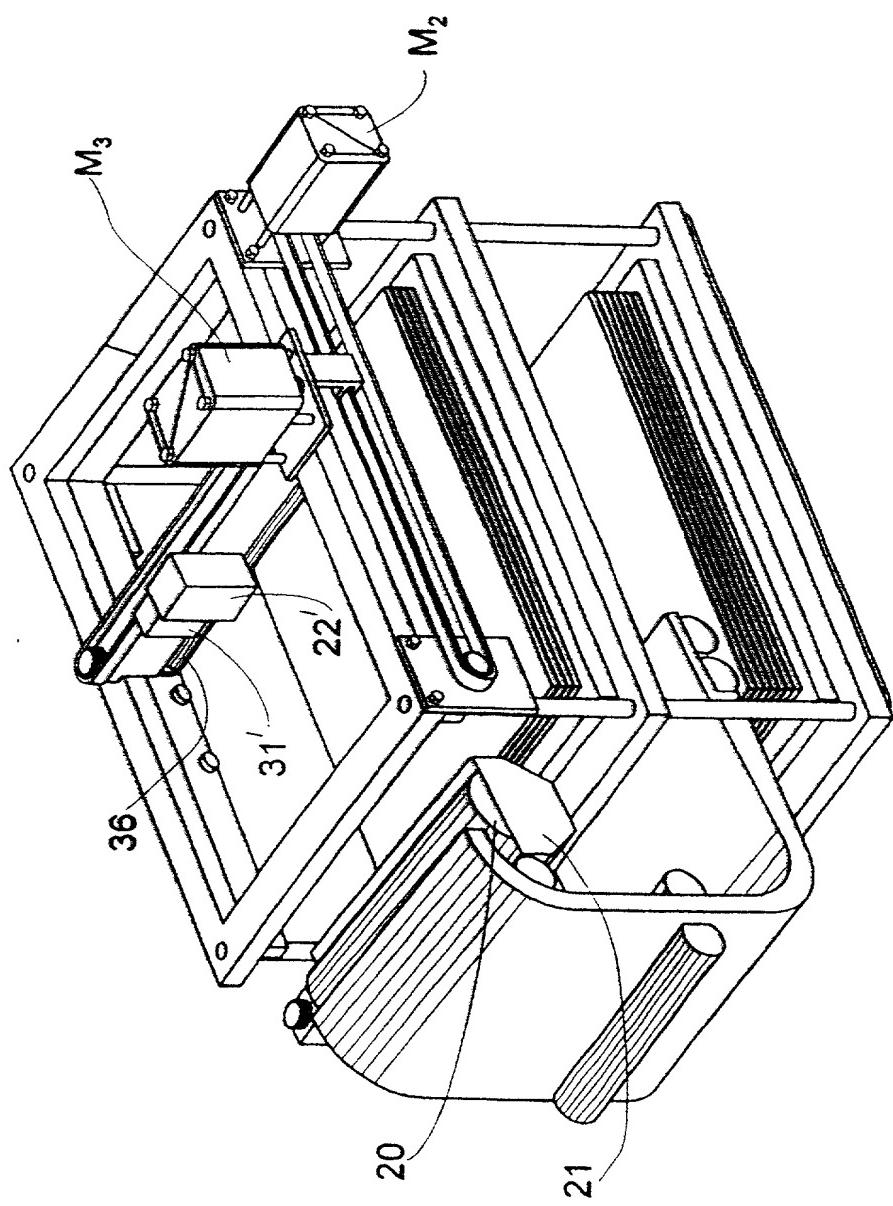


Fig. 5

0958/990

Attorney Docket: 1529/7

page 1 of 2

Combined Declaration For Patent Application and Power of Attorney

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR MAKING THREE-DIMENSIONAL OBJECTS, the specification of which(check one) is attached hereto. was filed on _____ as Application Serial No. _____ and was amended on _____. I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)		Priority Claimed	50CO	
(number)	PCT (Country)	5-Jan-99 (Day, Month, Year Filed)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
1L98/00623 122857	IL (Country)	5-Jan-98 (Day, Month, Year Filed)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(number)	(Country)	(Day, Month, Year Filed)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
(number)	(Country)	(Day, Month, Year Filed)	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States Application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States code, § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56(a) which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	Status (patented, pending, abandoned)
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(Application Serial No.)	(Filing Date)	Status (patented, pending, abandoned)
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I hereby appoint the following attorneys, with full power of substitution, association, and revocation, to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith.

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Attorney Docket: 1529/7
page 2 of 2

Continuation of Combined Declaration For Patent Application and Power of Attorney

I hereby further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statement may jeopardize the validity of the application of any patent issued thereon.

*FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FIRST INVENTOR YOSI BAR-EREZ	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE <i>Yosi Bar-Erez</i>	DATE <i>14/6/00</i>
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POST OFFICE ADDRESS		

*FULL NAME OF THIRD INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE
RESIDENCE	CITIZENSHIP	
ISRAELI		
POST OFFICE ADDRESS		

*FULL NAME OF FOURTH INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE
RESIDENCE	CITIZENSHIP	
ISRAELI		
POST OFFICE ADDRESS		

*FULL NAME OF FIFTH INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE
RESIDENCE	CITIZENSHIP	
ISRAELI		
POST OFFICE ADDRESS		

*FULL NAME OF SIXTH INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE
RESIDENCE	CITIZENSHIP	
ISRAELI		
POST OFFICE ADDRESS		

*FULL NAME OF SEVENTH INVENTOR	INVENTOR'S SIGNATURE	DATE
RESIDENCE	CITIZENSHIP	
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